

#### **OUTLINE OF THE PRESENTATION**

- BACKGROUND:
  - WHO ARE THE YOUTH (YOUNG ADULTS)?
  - WHY STUDY THE YOUTH
  - A DEMOGRAPHIC PORTRAIT OF THE YOUTH
- THE YOUNG ADULT FERTILITY AND SEXUALITY STUDY
  - YAFS 1, YAFS 2, YAFS 3, YAFS 4



#### **Background**

#### Who are the youth?

"The UN, for statistical consistency across regions, defines 'youth', as those persons between the ages of 15 and 24 years, without prejudice to other definitions by Member States.... All UN statistics on youth are based on this definition, "



UNESCO website

#### **Background**

#### WHY STUDY THE YOUTH?

Youth" is best understood as a period of transition from the dependence of childhood to adulthood's independence.

"It is often considered a critical period, "a time of magnificent promise and insidious risk"



## **Background**

Demographically, it is characterized by a period of many critical transitions: school leaving, first job, first serious relationship, first marriage, first pregnancy...



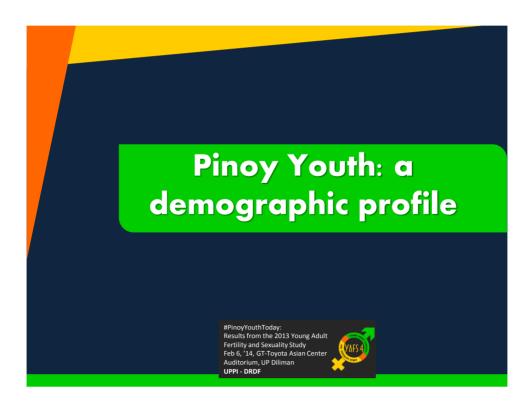
#### Frameworks/Approaches in youth studies

Epidemiological risk focused perspective

Protective factor etiological perspective

Ecological risk/protective theoretical model





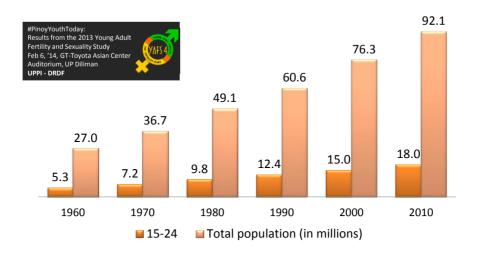
# What is the size of the young adult population?

- In 2013, there were
  - 19.2 M youth in the Philippines
- Of these,

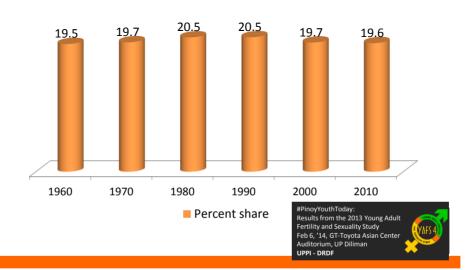
10.2 M were aged 15-199.0 M were aged 20-24

#PinoyYouthToday:
Results from the 2013 Young Adult
Fertility and Sexuality Study
Feb 6, '14, GT-Toyota Asian Center
Auditorium, UP Diliman
UPPI - DRDF

## The size of the youth population has been increasing, as has the total household population of the Philippines



While the size of the youth population 15-24 is increasing, its percent share of the total population has remained more or less stable at 20 percent.





## **Predecessor surveys**



#### **Predecessor surveys**

#### 1982 Young Adult Fertility Study (YAFS 1)

 Funded by the Population Center Foundation through the Commission on Population

Implemented by the UP Population Institute

Respondents: 5,240

15-24 years old

Females

Single and married

Nationally representative

#PinoyYouthToday:
Results from the 2013 Young Adult
Fertility and Sexuality Study
Feb 6, '14, GT-Toyota Asian Center
Auditorium, UP Diliman
UPPI - DRDF

Results from the 2013 Young Adult Fertility and Sexuality Study Feb 6, '14, GT-Toyota Asian Center

Auditorium, UP Diliman

#### **Predecessor surveys**

#### 1994 Young Adult Fertility and Sexuality Study (YAFS 2)

Funded by the United Nations Population Fund

 Implemented by the Demographic Research and Development Foundation (DRDF), Inc.

, ,,

N of cases: 10,879

15-24 years old

Males and Females Single and Married

Nationally representative

#### **Predecessor surveys**

#### 2002 Young Adult Fertility and Sexuality Study (YAFS 3)

- Funded by The David and Lucile Packard Foundation
- Implemented by the Demographic Research and Development Foundation (DRDF), Inc.

N of cases: 19,728

15-27 years old

16 regions

Males and Females Single and Married

Nationally representative



#### **Funding sources for YAFS 4**











#### **Study Instruments**

• A total of 10 survey instruments

Household Form

Eight questionnaires for the youth respondents

- Main Questionnaires
  - -Singe Female and Married Female
  - -Single Male and Married Male
- Muslim Questionnaires
  - -Singe Female and Married Female
  - -Single Male and Married Male

Community Form



#### **Main Questionnaire Contents**

Block A Individual Characteristics

Block B Family Characteristics and Relationships

Block C Self-esteem and Values

Block D School, Work and Community

Block E Media Exposure

Block F Friends and Peers

Block G Health and Lifestyle (NEWLY ADDED)



#### **Main Questionnaire Contents**

Block H Marriage

Block J Puberty, Dating and Sex
Block J Fertility and Contraception

Block K Knowledge and Attitudes towards

Marriage, Sex and Related Issues

Block L Reproductive Health

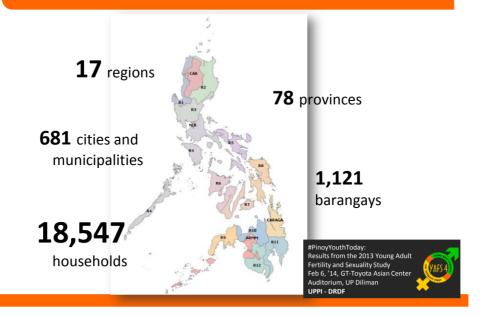
#PinoyYouthToday:
Results from the 2013 Young Adult
Fertility and Sexuality Study
Feb 6, '14, GT-Toyota Asian Center
Auditorium, UP Diliman
UPPI - DRDF

#### **Study Design**

- Sampling domain: Region
- Sample size per region: about 1,000 respondents
- Approximate total sample size: 17,000
- Sampling Design: Same as the study design of YAFS 3



## **Coverage of YAFS 4**



#### **Field Implementation**

- 17 Regional Teams
- 14 Regional Coordinators
- 47 Field Supervisors
- 355 Field interviewers
- Supervised by a Central Team

#PinoyYouthToday:
Results from the 2013 Young Adult
Fertility and Sexuality Study
Feb 6, '14, GT-Toyota Asian Center
Auditorium, UP Diliman
UPPI - DRDF

Central Team

Josefina Natividad Grace Cruz Maria Paz Marquez Maria Midea Kabamalan Nimfa Ogena Christian Joy Cruz Ryan Descallar

Sampling consultant Erniel Barrios

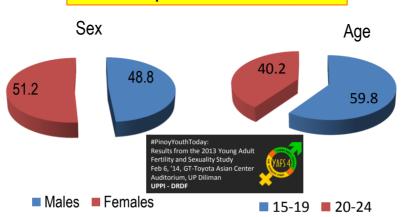
#### Field implementation/data processing/analysis

- Field work period
- December 26, 2012 to March 29, 2013
- Data processing staff of more than 80 personnel including editors, coders, encoders, programmers
- Started March 2013



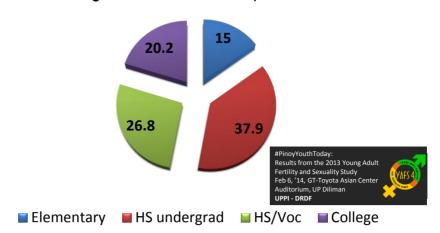
## **Characteristics of YAFS 4 sample**

Total respondents: 19,178

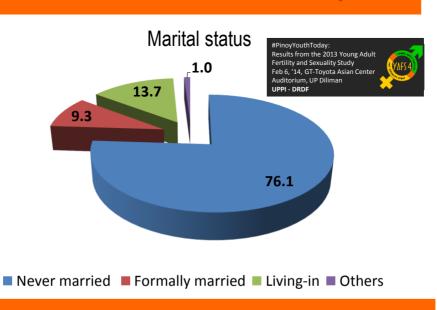


## **Characteristics of YAFS 4 sample**

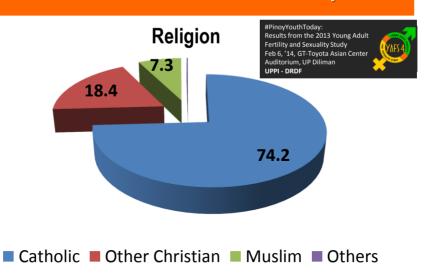
#### Highest education completed



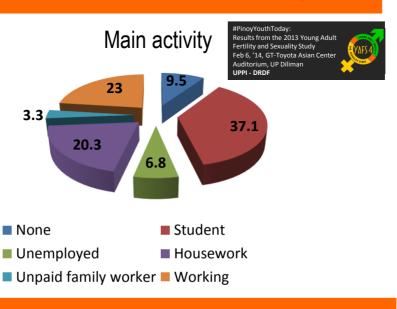
#### **Characteristics of YAFS 4 sample**



## **Characteristics of YAFS 4 sample**



## **Characteristics of YAFS 4 sample**



#### Some definitions, caveats.....

- In YAFS 4, those who are in a living in relationship are considered married and are administered the Married questionnaire
- YAFS 4 contains an enormous amount of information. In this forum we focus only on a selected set of indicators of risk behaviors: sexual and non-sexual
- The analysis is descriptive: by age, sex and region
- Where data permits, we present trends (1994 to 2013)

#PinoyYouthToday:
Results from the 2013 Young Adult
Fertility and Sexuality Study
Feb 6, '14, GT-Toyota Asian Center
Auditorium, UP Diliman
UPPI - DRDF

- There will be three presentations:
- On media and lifestyle
- Non-sexual risk behaviors
- Sexual risk behaviors
- Conclusions



